

DEVELOPMENT SECRETARIAT

Issues Orders directing the transfer of the Well Boring Section to the Public Health Department

READ—

Government Order No. I. & C. 7679-742—A. & E. 132-23-7, dated 18th June 1924, sanctioned the organisation of the Well Boring Section in the Agricultural Department temporarily for one year from 1st July 1924.

2. Government Order No. E. C. 7747-60—A. & E. 315-24-3, dated 14th May 1925, sanctioned the continuance of the Well Boring Section till the end of June 1926.

3. Government Order No. E. C. 3903-16—A. & E., dated 8th December 1925, transferred work connected with the Well Boring Section from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of Industries and Commerce.

4. Letter No. D. 3-163—34-35, dated 1st October 1934, from the Director of Industries and Commerce, suggesting for reasons stated that the Well Boring Section with the Staff, equipment, stores and Government grants be transferred to the Public Health Department and enclosing of the letter of the Director of Health to him, in the matter.

ORDER No. D. 3849-908—I. & C. 93-34-4, DATED BANGALORE,
THE 12TH DECEMBER 1934.

The Director of Industries and Commerce states that with the establishment of the Bureau of Sanitary Engineering the responsibility for the planning, designing and execution of town and rural water supply schemes, has been distributed between the Well Boring Section of his Department and the Department of Public Health and considers that in the interests of efficient and expeditious work, it would be desirable to vest the entire responsibility for water supply schemes in one Department. The Well Boring Section is now well organised and it is also necessary to afford relief to the Director of Industries and Commerce to enable him to devote greater attention to industrial problems and the Director accordingly recommends that the Well Boring Section may be transferred to the Department of Public Health which has a Bureau of Sanitary Engineering staffed by qualified Engineers. The Director of Public Health is agreeable to the proposed transfer.

2. Government are accordingly pleased to direct that the Well Boring Section of the Department of Industries and Commerce be transferred to the Department of Public Health (Bureau of Sanitary Engineering) with effect from 1st January 1935.

3. The Well Boring Staff of the Section and equipment, stores and Government grants will be transferred to the Public Health Department.

4. Till other arrangements are made, the machinery and stores of the Well Boring Section will continue to remain in the premises of the Central Industrial Workshop.

M. VENKATANARANAPPA,

Secretary to Government
Development Department

Passes Orders regarding the Pay and Prospects of Sanitary Inspectors in the State

READ—

Government Order No. L. 16474-95—M. 184-16-23, dated the 24th June 1919, sanctioned the revision of the scale of pay and prospects of Sanitary Inspectors in the State and fixing the scale of pay of Sanitary Inspectors at Rs. 30—2—60—5/2—80 per mensem.

2. Government Order No. L. 2395-416—L. B. 11-21-11, dated the 24th October 1919, sanctioned the grant of high prices allowances, whereby the scale of pay of Sanitary Inspectors was fixed at Rs. 35—2—65—5/2—87 per mensem.

3. Government Order No. L. 1418-1439—L. B. 17-28-87, dated the 15th August 1930, approving of the proposal of the District Board, Kolar, to raise the pay of their Sanitary Inspectors from Rs. 87 to Rs. 100 by biennial increments of Rs. 5.

4. Government Order No. L. 790—MI. 32-21-47, dated the 26th July 1922 and L. 4320-1—MI. 12-31-69, dated the 12th December 1931 and Government Order No. L. 6423-5—MI. 11-32-12, dated the 5th April 1933, fixing the pay of Sanitary Inspectors in the Bangalore and Mysore City Municipalities at Rs. 35—3—80 and Rs. 80—4—100 per mensem.

5. Government Order No. L. 6129-192—MI. 145-24-52, dated the 19th February 1925, directing among other things that the employees under the Local Bodies should be transferred after they have put in a service of three years under any local body.

ORDER NO. L. 4244-65—L. B. 105-33-15, DATED BANGALORE,
THE 17TH DECEMBER 1934.

There are at present three different scales of pay for Sanitary Inspectors, viz., Rs. 35—3—80, Rs. 35—2—65—5/2—87 and Rs. 80—4—100, the first and the last obtaining in the Mysore and Bangalore City Municipalities, and the second in the District Boards and the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board and some Town Municipalities. In some Municipalities (Town and Minor), Sanitary Inspectors have been employed on a lower pay of Rs. 30—2—50, etc. On account of the diversity of these grades, it has been difficult to give effect to the Government Order of 19th February 1925 read above in regard to the transfers of the Sanitary Inspectors from one local body to another. The position is further complicated as these appointments do not belong to one scale and the local bodies concerned have to be consulted in the case of each transfer.

2. Government consider that periodical transfers of Sanitary Inspectors are necessary, as too long a stay of an officer in the same place is not conducive to efficiency and that it is therefore desirable to make arrangements for the regular transfers of the officers. The Director of Health, who was consulted, has submitted the following proposals for the consideration of Government:—

- (i) The posts of Sanitary Inspectors to be grouped into one consolidated list.
- (ii) A uniform scale of pay applicable to all Sanitary Inspectors in the State to be adopted and the number in each grade fixed.
- (iii) Transfers of these officials every five years to be compulsory.
- (iv) The Director of Health to be given the power to transfer them every five years without consulting the local bodies.
- (v) The Director of Health to maintain (i) a service record of Sanitary Inspectors and (ii) a list of qualified men eligible for appointment as Inspectors.
- (vi) The disciplinary control over the Sanitary Inspectors to vest in the local bodies concerned, but this is not to prevent the Director of Health from taking any disciplinary action if he considers this necessary in the interests of public service.
- (vii) Refresher courses to be prescribed to keep these officials in touch with technical work, and promotions to be subject to their acquitting themselves satisfactorily in such courses.
- (viii) For smaller Municipalities, Assistant Sanitary Inspectors on a pay of Rs. 25—1—35 to be appointed.

3. Government agree with the Director of Health that with a view to remedy the defects, it is necessary that the Sanitary Inspectors now working under several District Boards and Municipalities and the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board should be brought under one consolidated list and the powers of the Director of Health in regard to appointments of and control over the Sanitary Inspectors should be enlarged. They are accordingly pleased to direct that the appointments of Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors be formed into one provincial cadre and that their pay, whether employed, under the Municipalities or District Boards or the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board be revised and fixed as follows:—

			Rs.
Assistant Sanitary Inspectors	...	...	25—1—35
Sanitary Inspectors	...	...	35—2—55
			Efficiency bar
			Rs. 55—4—87.

The higher scale of pay obtaining in the two City Municipalities and the Kolar District Board will be personal to the present incumbents.

4. Sanitary Inspectors on the scale now laid down must be employed in all Municipalities with an income of over Rs. 7,000 and the District Boards and the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board should maintain such number of Sanitary Inspectors as Government may direct from time to time, their number in no case being less than at present. In the case of smaller Municipalities with an income below Rs. 7,000 per annum, Assistant Sanitary Inspectors may be employed on a pay of Rs. 25—1—35 per mensem.

5. The Assistant Sanitary Inspectors should have passed the S.S.L.C. Examination and should undergo training in Bangalore at their own cost for a period of six months as follows:—unless they are qualified from any Sanitary Inspectors' Training School:—

Vaccine Institute	...	...	1 month
Public Health Institute	...	...	15 days
Vital Statistics	...	...	15 days
Health Education	...	...	15 days
City Health Week	...	...	1 month
Minor Sanitary Engineering	...	...	2½ months.

6. The recruitment, promotion, etc., of Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors will be made by the Director of Health who will maintain the requisite registers in connection therewith. The recruitment will be in accordance with the general rules of recruitment, the candidates being appointed from lists issued by the Central Recruitment Board. The Director will also transfer the Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors once in four years after giving intimation of the same to the local bodies. Transfers may also be made during the period by him whenever necessary, according to exigencies of service, in consultation with the local bodies concerned. The local bodies will have disciplinary control over their Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors but without prejudice to the general control of the Director of Health who may, in the interests of public service, take disciplinary action whenever necessary.

7. The question of prescribing refresher courses for Sanitary Inspectors is separately under the consideration of Government and orders will be issued in the matter in due course.

8. The Director of Health is requested to take early action for the transfer of Sanitary Inspectors who have been in the same place for over four years. To facilitate the maintenance of a consolidated list of Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors, the Deputy Commissioners of Districts, the President, Mysore City Municipality, the Municipal Commissioner, Bangalore City Municipality, the President of Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board, and the Presidents of District Boards are requested to furnish to the Director of Health a list of Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors employed under the Municipalities and the District Boards and the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board with their service records.

M. VENKATANARANAPPA,

*Secretary to Government,
Development Department.*

Passes Orders on the stocking and sale of Patta Books by Shanbhogs, Stamp Vendors and Agents for the sale of Government Publications and the grant of a commission at a uniform rate of 15 per cent in all cases.

READ—

Government Order No. G. 2420-21—P. & S. 70-33-2, dated 10th September 1934, ordering among other matters that a commission of 15 per cent be allowed on the purchase of Government Publications, to *bona fide* book-sellers.

2. Letter from the Superintendent, Government Stationery, soliciting orders about the grant of commission to Shanbhogs for the sale of Patta Books and about the sale of these books at the Government Book Depot and its agencies.

3. Unofficial Note No. D. 1. Dis. 894—34-35, dated 16th November 1934, from the Revenue Commissioner furnishing his opinion in the matter.

ORDER No. G. 5811-14—P. & S. 24-34-2, DATED BANGALORE,
THE 12TH—13TH DECEMBER 1934.

The Superintendent, Government Stationery, states that the Comptroller to Government in the course of the local audit of the accounts of his office, suggested that, as Revenue Patta Books were omitted from the standardised list of Revenue Forms and Registers on the ground that they were sold to the Public, they might be made available for sale at the Government Central Book Depot and its agencies. The Revenue Commissioner, who was consulted in the matter, is of opinion that the existing practice of getting the Patta Books sold by Shanbhogs might continue, that the Stamp Vendors and Agents for the sale of Government Publications may also be allowed to stock and sell Patta Books and that all these agencies, *viz.*, Shanbhogs, Stamp Vendors and Agents for sale of Government Publications, may be allowed commission at a uniform rate of 15 per cent.

2. In the circumstances, Government are pleased to approve of the Revenue Commissioner's recommendation.

M. VENKATANARANAPPA,
*Secretary to Government,
Development Department.*